# UTILIZING HIGH RESOLUTION SITE CHARACTERIZATION (HRSC) TECHNOLOGIES TO IMPROVE CONTAMINATED SITE MANAGEMENT

Oct. 20, 2015 ARC 2015 Ben Sweet, Environmental Scientist

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### HRSC – Definition

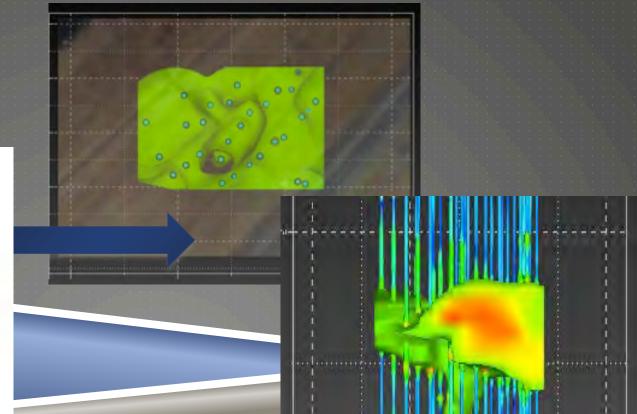
#### USEPA, 2013

"High-resolution site characterization (HRSC) strategies and techniques use scale-appropriate measurements and sample density to define contaminant distributions, and the physical context in which they reside, with greater certainty, supporting faster and more effective site cleanup."

#### SCALE & EXTENT DATA D&D

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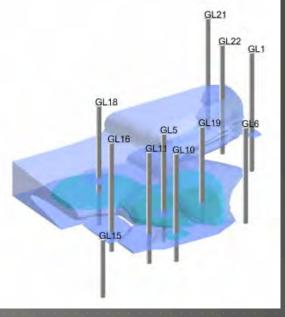
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### HRSC tools – Improving the Science

- Appropriate Scale and Extent
  Data density & diversity
  Real-time data Direct imaging
  Relevant at all stages
  Site-specific & adaptable
  Collaborative data
  Actionable information
  Minimal site impacts & no lasting infrastructur
- REDUCE uncertainty, INCREASE speed cost effective results

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# HRSC – Technologies

HRSC employs innovative technologies to achieve a clearer understanding of contaminated site dynamics leading to more

cost-effective management solutions.

In-situ, direct image probing devices:

- **EC** Electric Conductivity
- **HPT** Hydraulic Profiling Tool
- LIF Light Induced Fluorescence
- MIP Membrane Interface Probe
  - Utilize down-hole probes on the end of hollow drill rods.
  - Connect with an umbilical to surface.
  - Direct pushed/hammered.
  - All vertically log real-time data with depth.



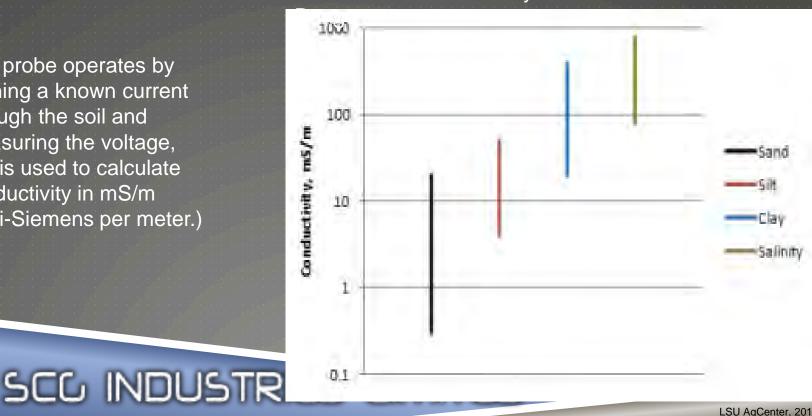




### EC – Electric Conductivity Probe

The EC tool measures soil conductivity. This information is used to characterize site stratigraphy and groundwater TDS (Total **Dissolved Solids**).

The probe operates by running a known current through the soil and measuring the voltage, this is used to calculate conductivity in mS/m (milli-Siemens per meter.)

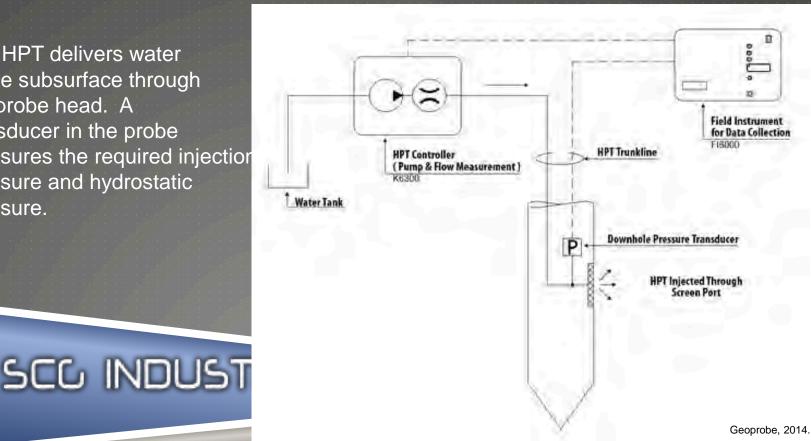


**General Soil Conductivity** 

### HPT – Hydraulic Profiling Tool

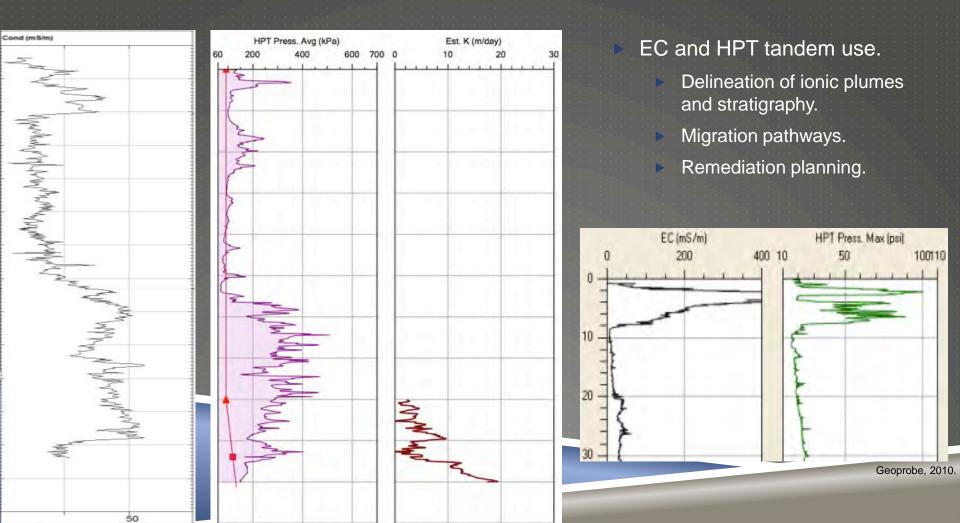
The HPT measures changes in the required pore entry pressure of the stratum. This correlates with media permeability and allows for vertical profiling of hydrostratigraphic information.

The HPT delivers water to the subsurface through the probe head. A transducer in the probe measures the required injection pressure and hydrostatic pressure.



### EC & HPT DATA - RESIDENT MEDIA PROPERTY ANALYSIS

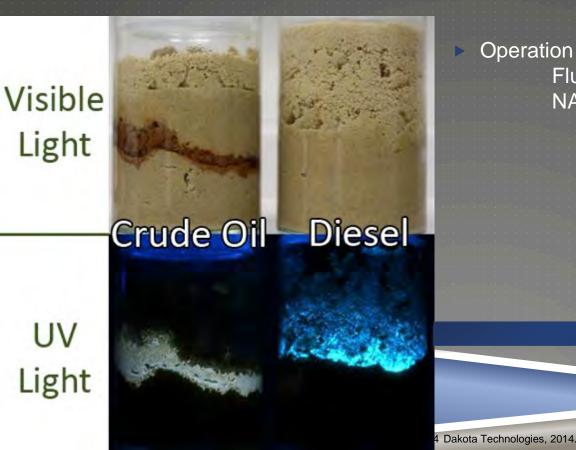
Scale appropriate measurements of media properties influencing contaminant mobility and distribution.



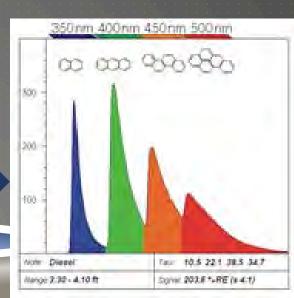
### LIF – Light Induced Fluorescence

Utilizes in-situ fluorescence spectroscopy to locate Free Phase Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

Dakota Technologies UVOST.



Operation is based on two principles: Fluorescence – PAHs NAPL & PAH partitioning



### LIF – Light Induced Fluorescence

Provides semi-quantitative and qualitative data.

Signal (%RE)

20.0

30.0

40.0

350 400 450

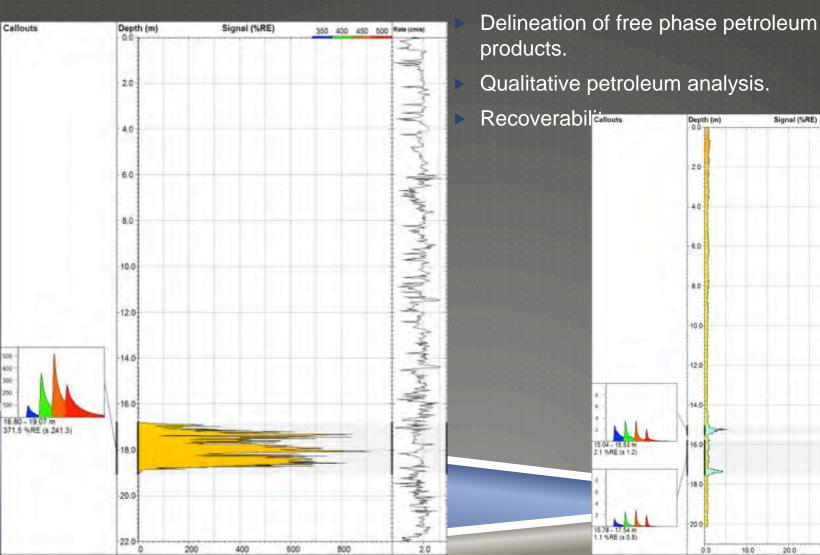
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# INNOVATIVE TOOLS & METHODOLOGIES

#### Other HRSC tools are available.

Tailored for the environment, contaminant, metric.

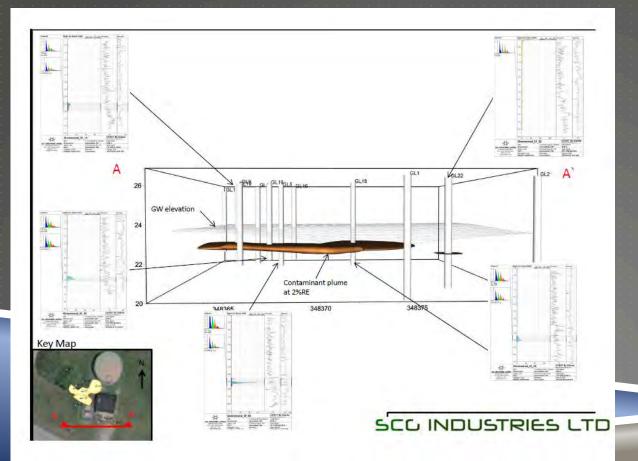
HRSC is not just a suite of technologies – involves strategies, methodologies and management/field practices.

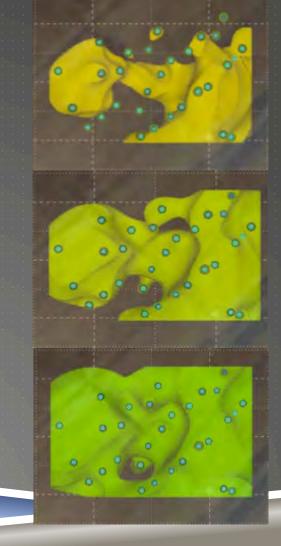
#### Tools: CPT **DPT "Grab" Sampling Passive Diffusion** Depth 3 4 Samplers Multi-level GW Systems PAH/DNAP Geophysical Surveys 10 11 12 Fluorescence Deploy Equilibrate Retrieve Result

Dakota Technologies, 2014

# DATA INTERPRETATION & SYNTHESIS

Results - context & interpretation. Correlation & Integration. Workable & Compatible.





# HOW DOES IT COME TOGETHER?

#### Example of HRSC tool use at a Federal Contaminated Site.

Previous characterization and ongoing monitoring.

Historic contamination: Release from an underground fuel line - Avgas and Jet fuel.

Deep, unconfined aquifer – "Silty-sand".

SCG: Multi-phase Extraction Systems (MPE) were installed to remediate free phase, vapour phase and sorbed phase petroleum hydrocarbon contamination.

Success! But is there more to the story



# USE OF HRSC TECHNOLOGIE

MIP, LIF, HPT used in tandem with EC & Confirmation sampling.

#### Data:

Delineation of the dissolved phase plume.

Delineation of the LNAPL plume.

Hydrogeological dynamics influencing contaminant distribution and mobility.

 Tools together provide a three dimensional spatial analysis of contaminant mass concentrations, contaminant phase distribution and r dynamics.

#### SCG's Objectives:

Further refinement of the Conceptual Site Model (CSM)

Enhance the optimization of current MPE systems.

Recommendations for further remodiation efforts.

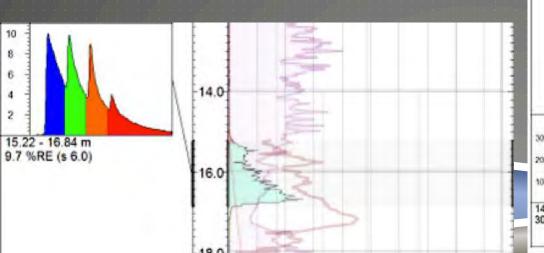
# RESULTS

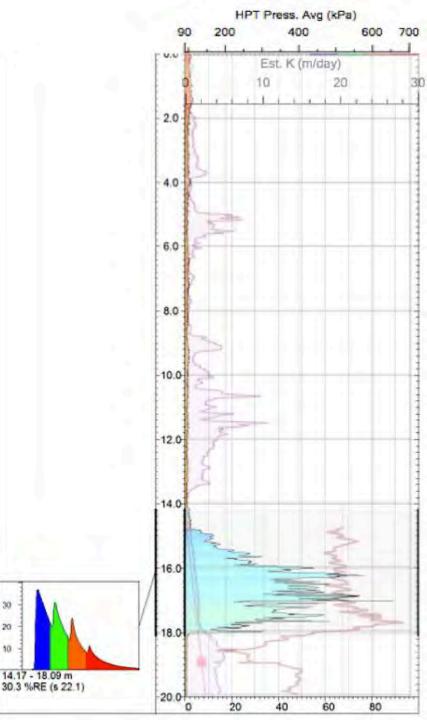
Heterogeneous distribution of LNAPL mas and recoverability.

Down-gradient vs. source zone. LNAPL correlation with permeability.

Targetable recovery locations in 3 dimensional space – optimized MPE operation.

Effective recommendations based on evidence, not inference.

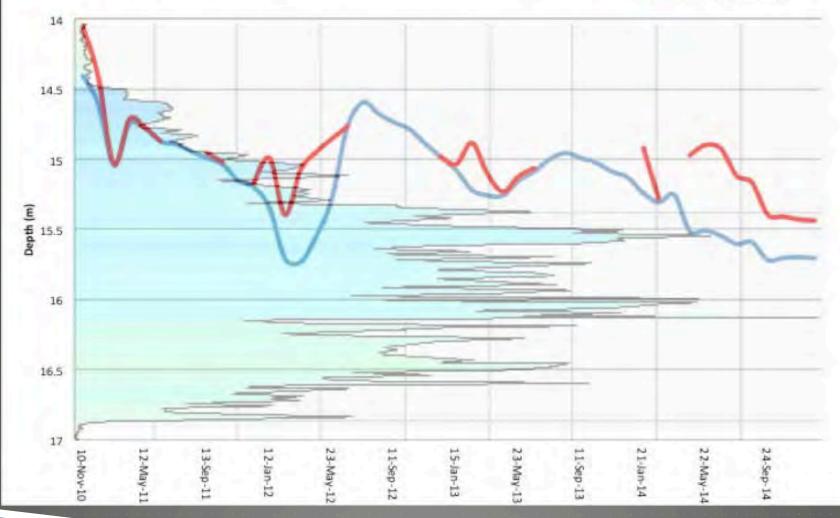






GW/LNAPL (or AIR) Interface

LNAPL/AIR Interface



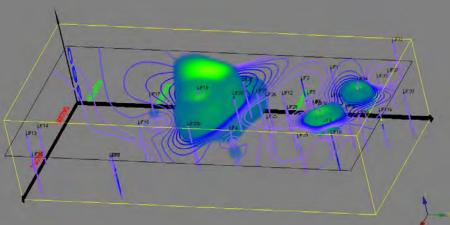
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SUCCESSES & FUTURE DEVELOPMENT Adaptable programs & wide acceptance

Previously unidentified impacts.

No more inferences!

Correlation with threshold values. Conceptual Site Modeling.



Development of highly mobile delivery device (SCG & RMC). Improving analytical capacity.

Novel sampling methodologies

SCG INDU

Data analysis & synthesis



### QUESTIONS?

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### THANK YOU.

